



Inquiry Form

VIRGINIA STATE BAR



Mail to:
VIRGINIA STATE BAR
INTAKE OFFICE
 707 East Main St., Suite 1500
 Richmond, VA 23219-2800
 Telephone: (804) 775-0570

NOTE: Send in this form if you have concerns about a lawyer's conduct. Your inquiry might result in discipline to the lawyer. If you are seeking other remedies against the lawyer, you may need to seek legal advice from a lawyer in private practice. Also, the bar may require your further involvement in an investigation by asking you to be interviewed by a bar investigator and/or to participate at a hearing.

YOUR NAME: Mr. Mrs. Miss Ms.
Joseph P Carson, P.E.
first initial last

YOUR ADDRESS: 10953 Twin Harbour Pr.
Knuxville TN 37934
JP Carson @ tds.net
street city state zip code e-mail

Daytime Telephone No.:
 home (865) 300-5831
 work (865) 300-5831
 Other Telephone No. and times you can be reached:
 () _____
 () _____

LAWYER'S NAME: Christopher J. Armstrong
first initial last

LAWYER'S ADDRESS: U.S. Office of Special Counsel www.osc.gov
1730 M St, N.W. Ste 218
Washington DC 20036
lawyer's law firm, if known street address or P.O. Box city state zip code

Lawyer's Telephone No.: 202 254-3600

LAWYER'S ACTIONS COMPLAINED OF:
See attached

YOUR SIGNATURE: Joseph P. Carson, P.E. **DATE:** 11/8/07

(Continue on the back or a separate page if you need more space. Also, attach **copies** of any documents that help explain your inquiry.)

FORM MUST BE SIGNED AND DATED

Turn this form over for more information we need from you to analyze your inquiry.

LAWYER'S ACTIONS COMPLAINED OF (continued)

See attached

List the names, addresses, and phone numbers of persons who might be able to give additional information about your inquiry:

See attached

PLEASE ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

1. Have you or a member of your family contacted us about this lawyer before? yes no
If yes, please state when you made the inquiry and the outcome of that Inquiry.

2. Have you filed a complaint or legal action about this matter anywhere else? yes no
If yes, state where and the outcome.

3. Did you hire this lawyer? yes no If yes, give the approximate date you employed him/her, the nature of your legal case, and estimate how much money, if any, you paid him/her.

4. If you did not hire the lawyer, what is your connection with the lawyer? He works for U.S. Office of Special Counsel, charged to implement law to protect me from "prohibited persons/practices" (PPPs)

5. Is your concern only that you think the lawyer charged you too much? yes no
If yes, you should contact the Virginia State Bar at (804) 775-0500 and ask for information on fee dispute resolution.

6. Have you read the pamphlet describing the bar's attorney disciplinary process? yes no

November 8, 2007

Virginia State Bar
Intake Office
707 East Main, St. Suite 1500
Richmond, VA 23219-2800
804-775-0570

Re: Complaint against Christopher J. Armstrong, Esq, an employee of US Office of Special Counsel in Washington, DC

Sir,

I wish to file a professional misconduct complaint against Christopher J. Armstrong, Esq, who is licensed in ~~NY~~ and who is employed by US Office of Special Counsel (OSC) www.osc.gov in Washington, DC as a "caseworker attorney."

Mr. Armstrong was specifically hired by OSC to implement a specific law, 5 U.S.C. 1214, to protect me, and other federal employees, from agency "prohibited personnel practices" (PPP's), particularly whistleblower reprisal. He has failed to comply with her professional duty to scrupulously implement the law he is responsible to implement, as detailed in an attached Federal Court decision, I think he has betrayed her profession, the federal civil service, and rule of law. I hope you see fit to disbar him for doing so.

Mr. Armstrong has duties perhaps somewhat similar to attorneys employed by this agency - he receives PPP complaints to investigate per the controlling law 5 U.S.C. 1214 and is responsible to faithfully implement that law in discharging his duties. But the law at 5 U.S.C. 1201, in the notes section, cites the "finding and purposes" section of the Federal Whistleblower Protection Act of 1989 (P.L. 101-12), in stating that OSC "shall act in the interests of those who seek its assistance." OSC hires attorneys as Mr. Armstrong to discharge its statutory obligations to protect those who seek its protection from agency PPP's, per 5 U.S.C. 1214.

However, Mr. Armstrong, in failing to comply with his duty to faithfully implement 5 U.S.C. 1214 to protect me from agency PPP's, appears to cite his status as an attorney to justify his lawbreaking. As I understand his reasoning, because his lawbreaking becomes OSC's lawbreaking and because he considers OSC to be his "client," by legal ethics his paramount duty is to advance OSC's interests by doing everything he can to cover-up his lawbreaking, including legal ethics prohibiting him from "blowing whistles" on OSC's lawbreaking failure to protect me, as many other, federal employees who seek its protection.

In other words, only because he is an attorney, he claims legal ethics trumps his doing his duty to protect me by implementing the law he was hired to implement. It's an absurd argument - legal ethics enables government lawbreaking by enabling the responsible government attorneys to

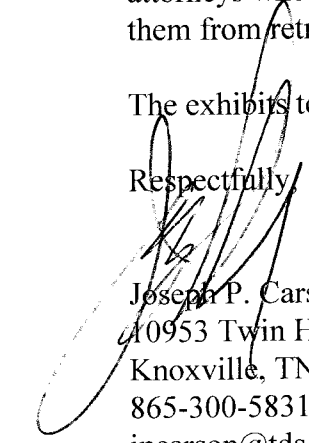
claim, because of legal ethics, they have a higher duty to protect their "client's" interests than to ensure they and, therefore, their client, follow the law it is responsible to implement.

Make no mistake - I think OSC's lawbreaking failure, since it was created as an independent agency in 1989, to protect the federal employees who sought its protection contributed to the existence and persistence of the security vulnerabilities exploited by the 9/11 terrorists. If OSC and OSC attorney is not "outed" and stopped, I fear it may contribute to a nuclear 9/11.

Do I exaggerate? I wish, but fear not. The great harm that has occurred to the Department of Justice in recent years was significantly enabled by OSC/OSC attorney lawbreaking, as DOJ attorneys who responsibly voiced concerns would be relying on OSC/OSC attorneys to protect them from retribution, just as nearly every federal employee in nearly every federal agency.

The exhibits to this complaint give the background and additional detail.

Respectfully,



Joseph P. Carson, PE
10953 Twin Harbour Drive
Knoxville, TN 37934
865-300-5831
jpcarson@tds.net

Exhibits to complaint against Christopher Armstrong

1. Mr. Carson's Petition for Writ of Mandamus, filed in Federal District Court, DCD, 10/23/2006, became docket no. 06-1833, Carson v. Office of Special Counsel, with its exhibits that involve Ms. Sheth.
2. Mr. Carson's November 14, 2006 letter to Mr. Armstrong, detailing his lawbreaking against Mr. Carson which received no answer.
3. Decision of Judge Paul Friedman, DCD, in Carson v. OSC, docket no. 06-1833, September 27, 2007, that finds Mr. Armstrong and OSC failed to comply with aspects of her and its statutory duty to protect me, see pages 10-12, 15. Mr. Carson is appealing this decision, for its failure to order mandamus relief, and for its finding that Mr. Armstrong did not unlawfully prejudice Mr. Carson whistleblower appeal to US Merits Systems Protection Board, docket no. 07-5340 in CADC